

1) Note 108(13): Recalculation of Appendix X.

The correct potential checked by computer algebra is:

$$V = \frac{1}{2} m \left(1 - \frac{r_s}{r} \right) \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right) \quad - (1)$$

$$\text{so: } \frac{\partial V}{\partial r_s} = - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m}{r} \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right) \quad - (2)$$

$$\text{and } \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{2} m \left(\frac{r_s}{r^2} \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right) - \frac{2L^2}{r^3} \left(1 - \frac{r_s}{r} \right) \right) \quad - (3)$$

$$\text{So } \frac{\partial V}{\partial r_s} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \frac{dr}{dr_s} \quad - (4)$$

$$\text{and } \frac{dr_s}{dr} = \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \right) / \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial r_s} \right), \quad - (5)$$

$$\frac{dr_s}{dr} = \left(\frac{2L^2}{r^3} \left(1 - \frac{r_s}{r} \right) - \frac{r_s}{r^2} \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right) \right) \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} r_s &= \int \left(\frac{2L^2}{r^3} \left(1 - \frac{r_s}{r} \right) - \frac{r_s}{r^2} \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right) \right) \left(c^2 + \frac{L^2}{r^2} \right)^{-1} dr \\ &= 2GM \frac{M}{c^2} + \frac{a}{r} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore we can find the parameter a in terms of L and r by integrating eq. (6) and solving for r_s . - (6)